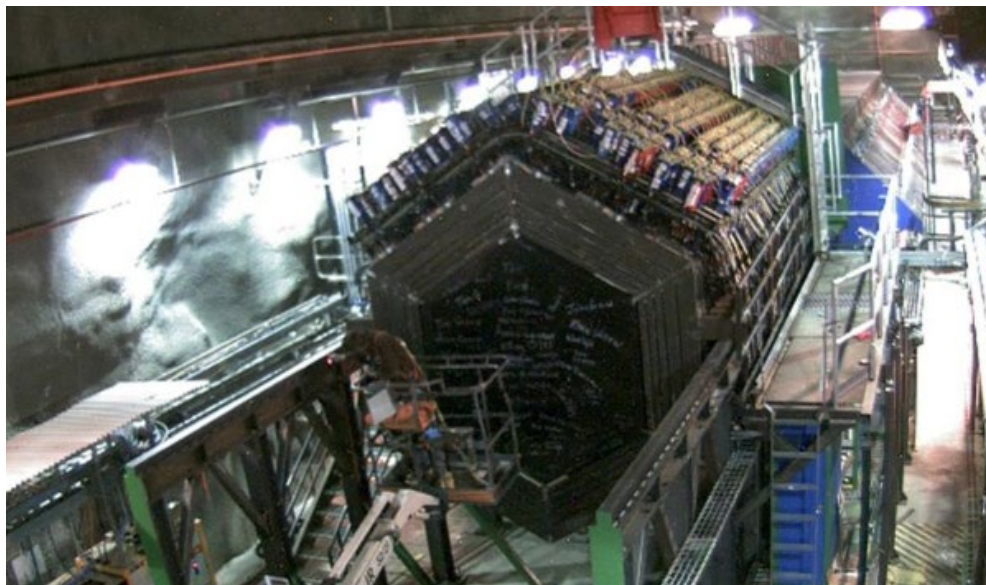
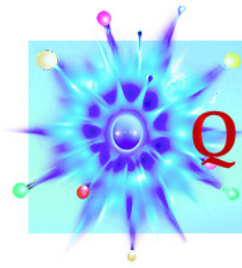


QuarkNet

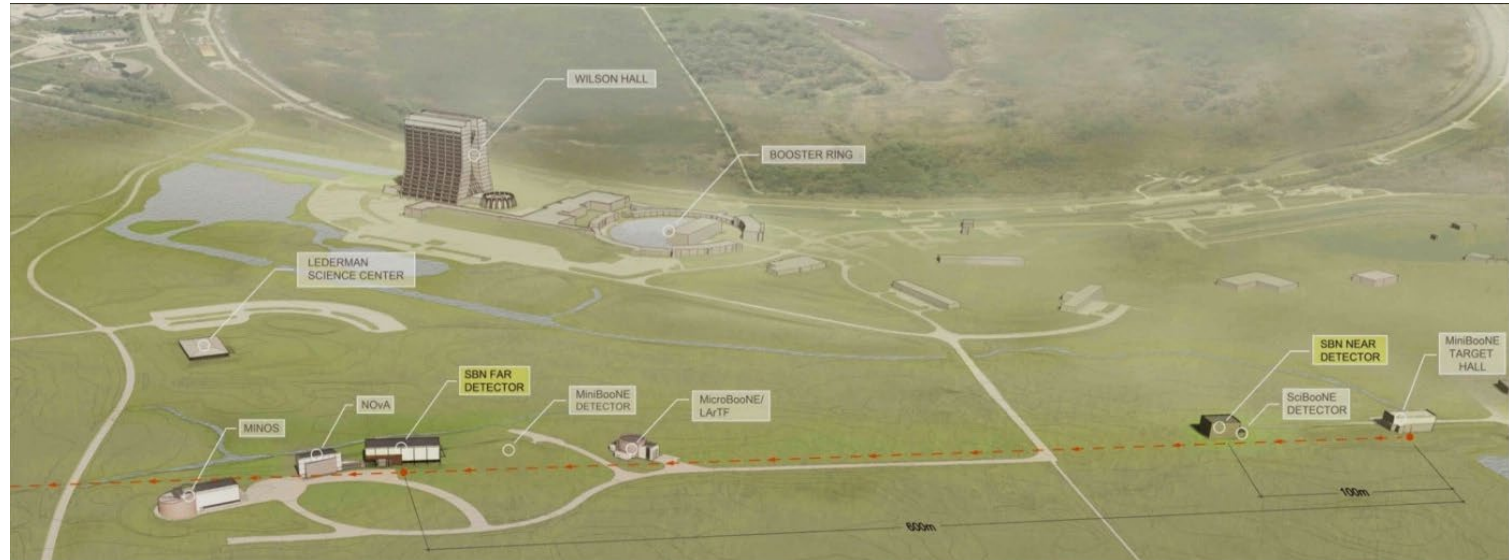
# MINERvA Masterclass Start-up



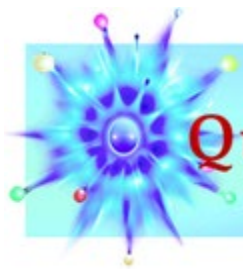


QuarkNet

Fermilab



*The Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory (Femilab) is the place to be to study neutrinos. The short- and long-baseline programs investigate all sorts of neutrino behaviors and shed light on the nature of the universe.*

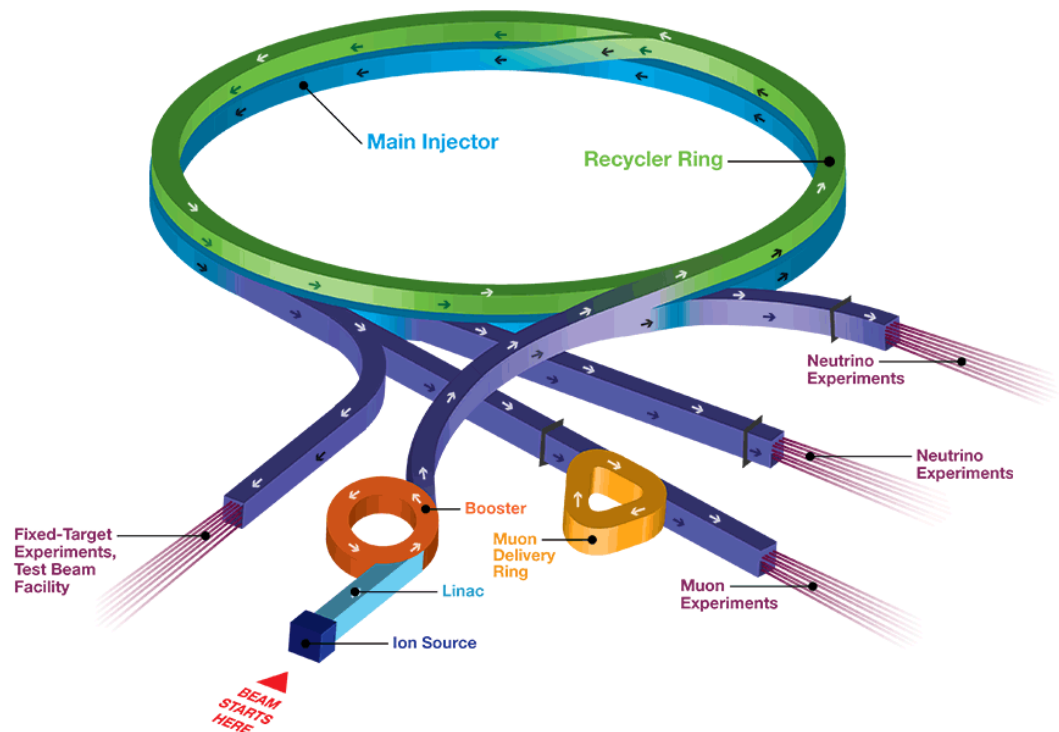


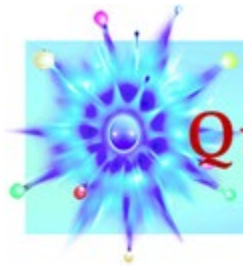
QuarkNet

Fermilab

The Fermilab Main Injector sends protons to a targets for different purposes. Some are sent to create neutrino beams.

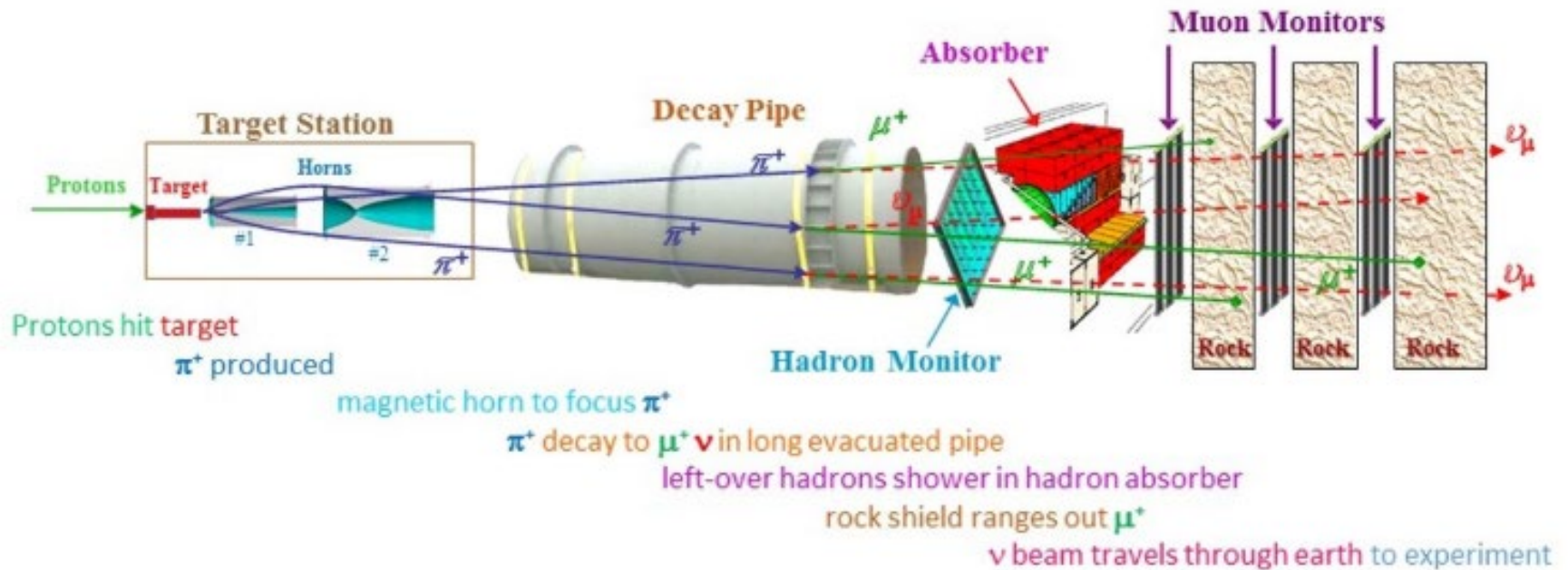
Fermilab Accelerator Complex





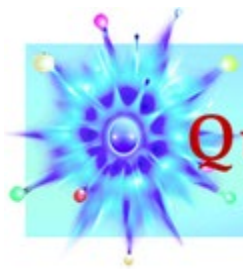
QuarkNet

# MINOS and MINERvA



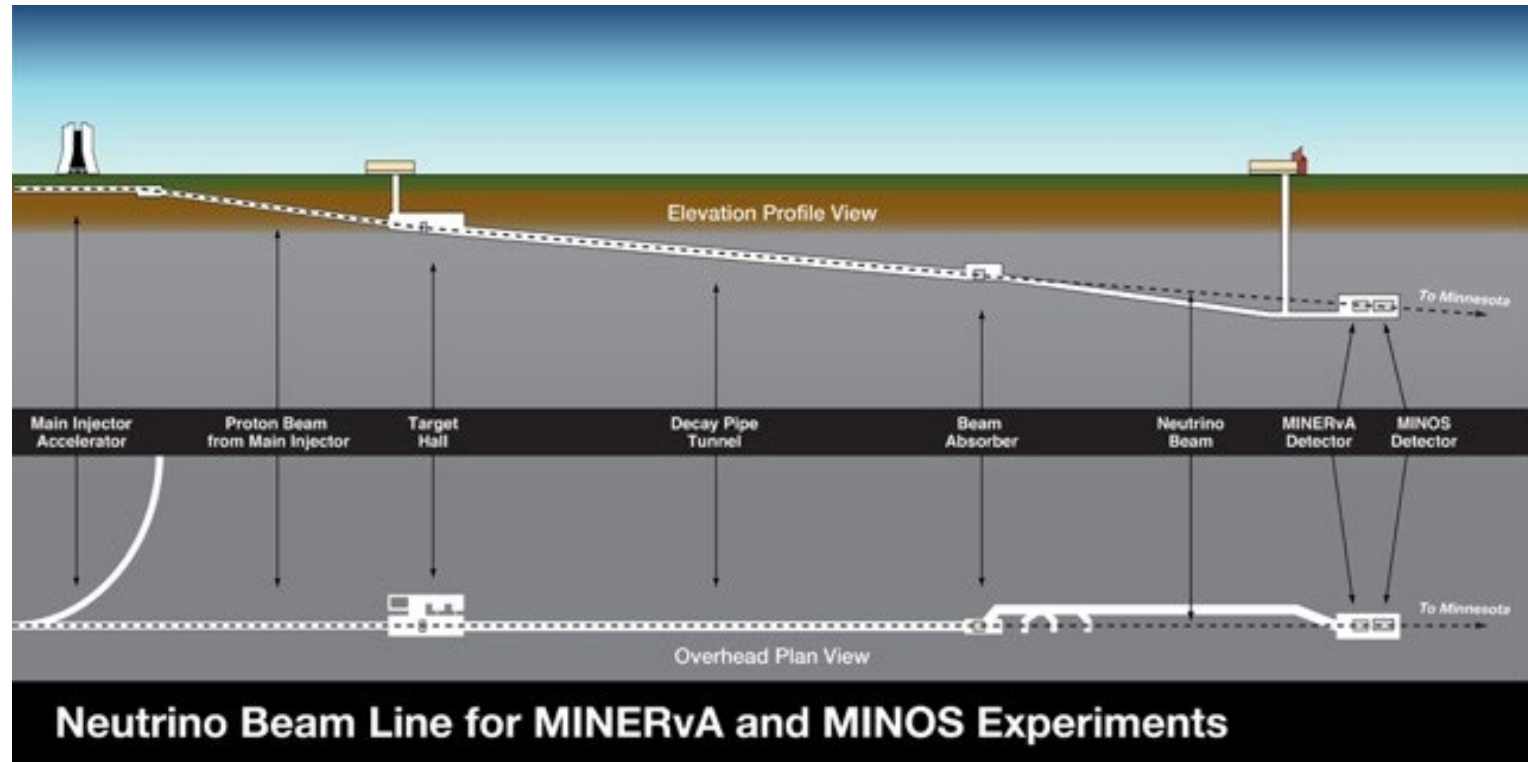
protons  $\rightarrow$  target  $\rightarrow$  pions  $\rightarrow$  muons + neutrinos  $\rightarrow$  neutrino beam



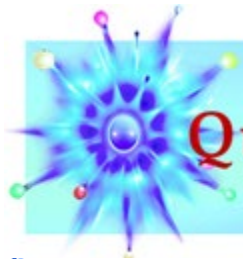


QuarkNet

# MINOS and MINERvA

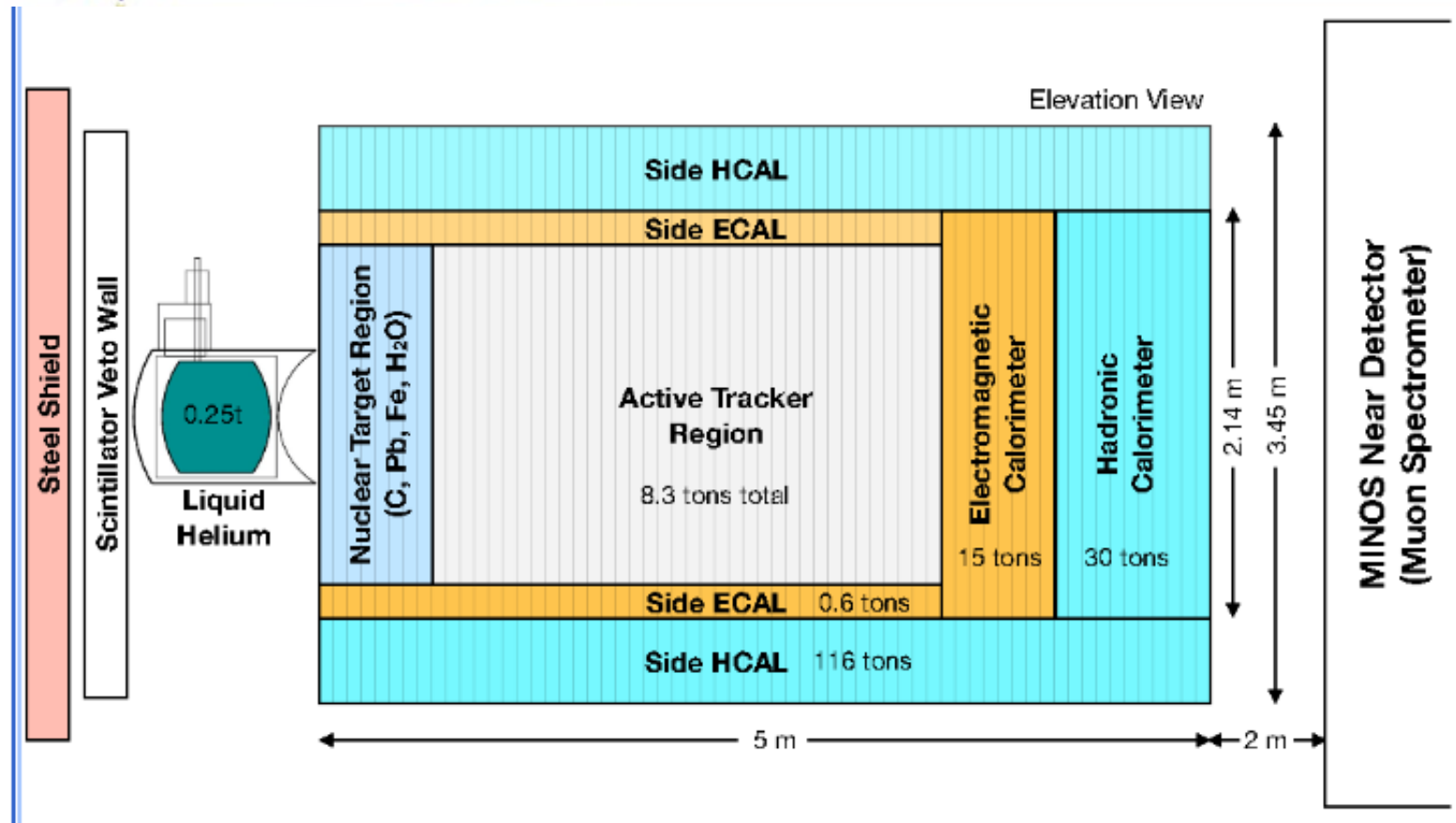


Neutrinos for MINOS were measured once at Fermilab and again in a lab in Minnesota; that experiment is ended. MINERvA continues.

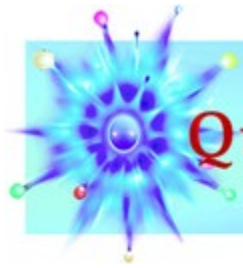


QuarkNet

MINERvA

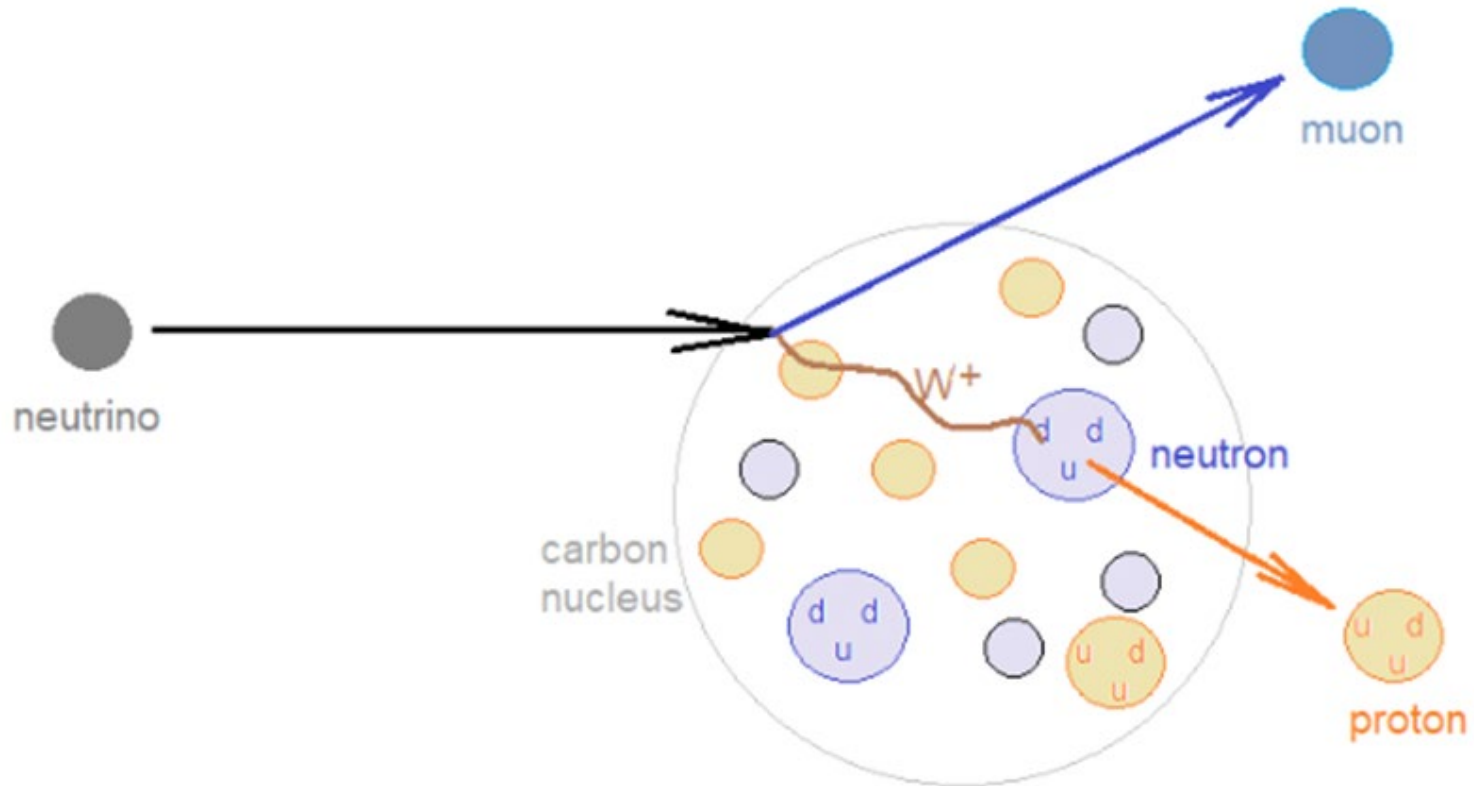


Muon neutrinos hit the carbon target. MINERvA measures the products of the interaction.

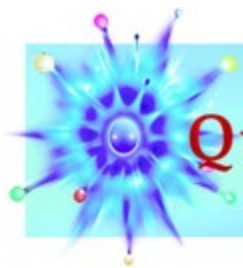


QuarkNet

## The Interaction

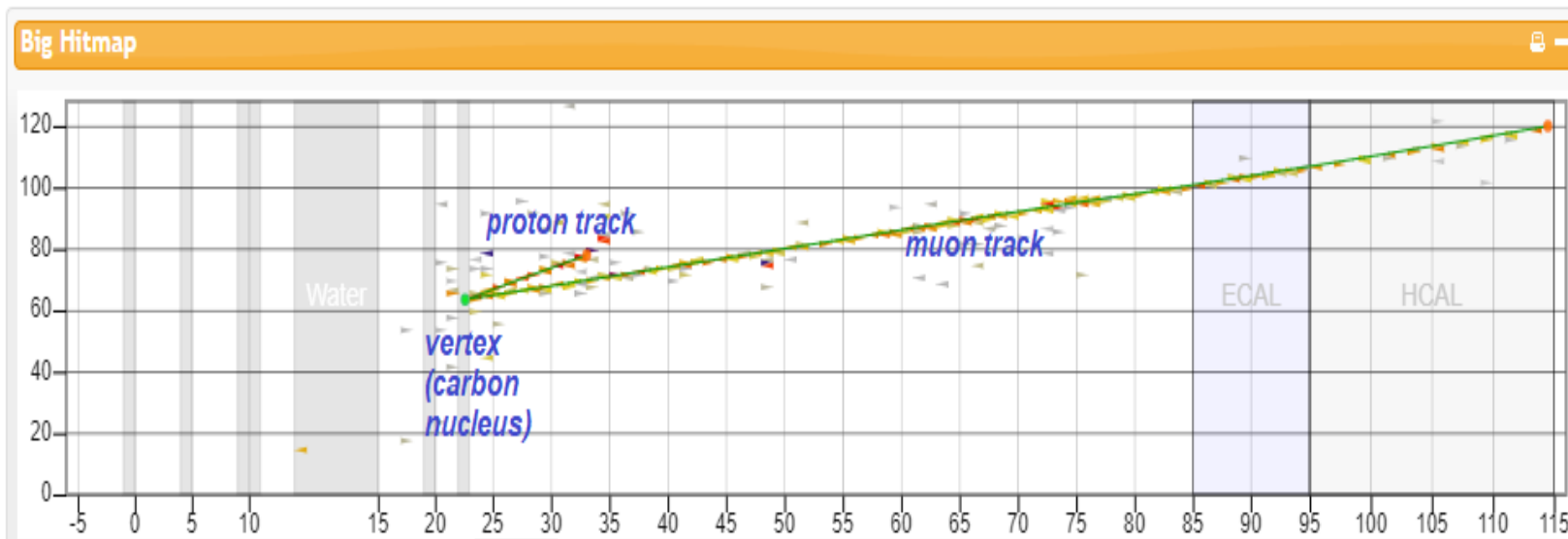


A muon neutrino interacts with a carbon nucleus. A muon and a proton are ejected from the nucleus carrying the neutrino momentum.



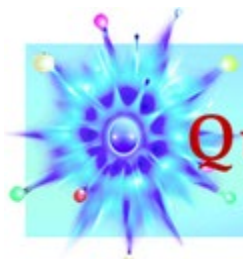
# QuarkNet

## Measurement



This is what MINERvA “sees”. The neutrino comes from the left, undetected. It strikes a neutron in a carbon nucleus and transforms into a muon. The neutron transforms into a proton. MINERvA can measure the momentum of each.

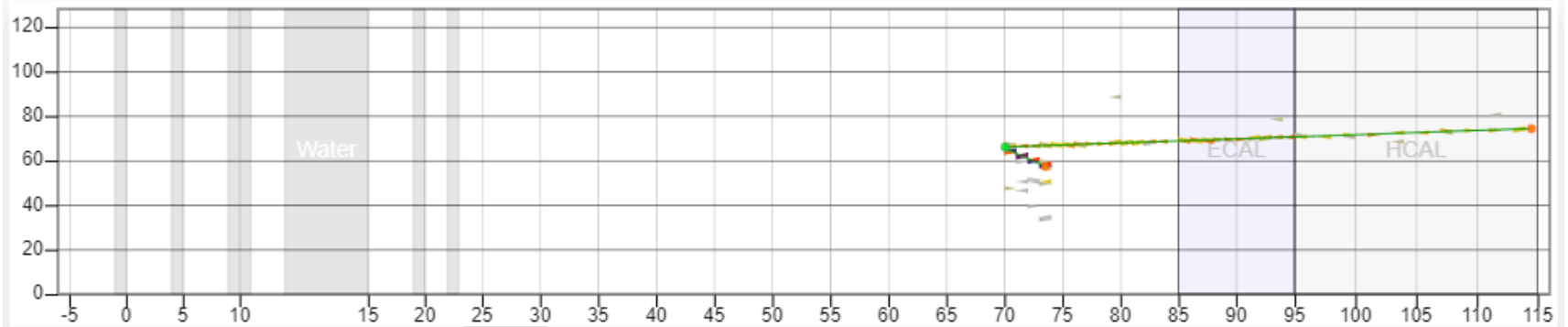




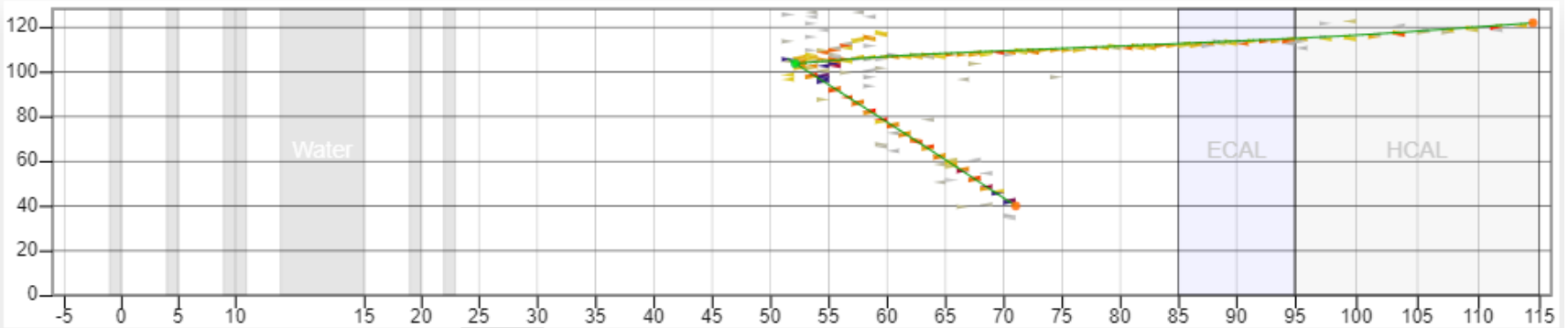
QuarkNet

# Signal vs. Background

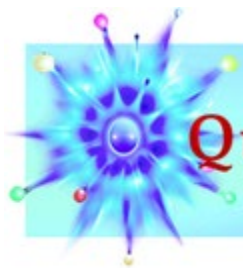
Big Hitmap



Big Hitmap



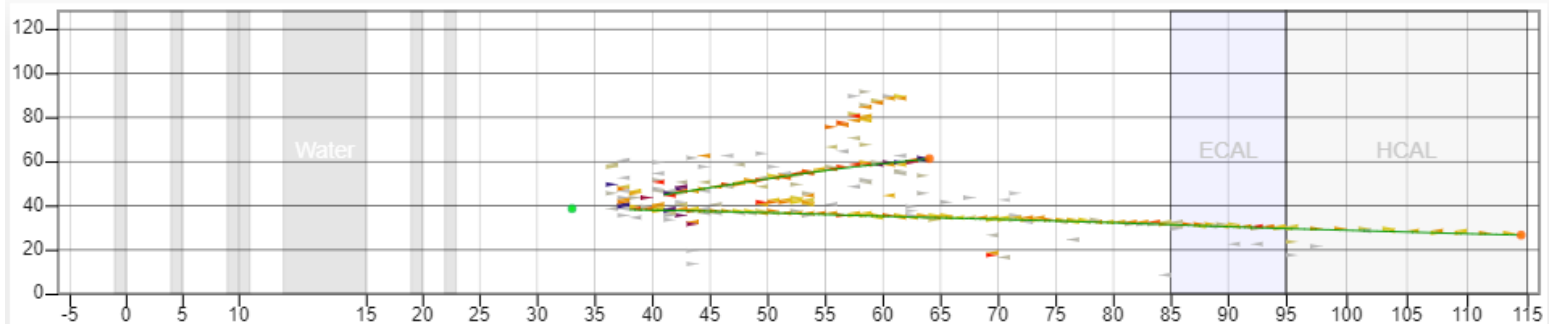
One of these is signal, one is background. Which is which? Why?



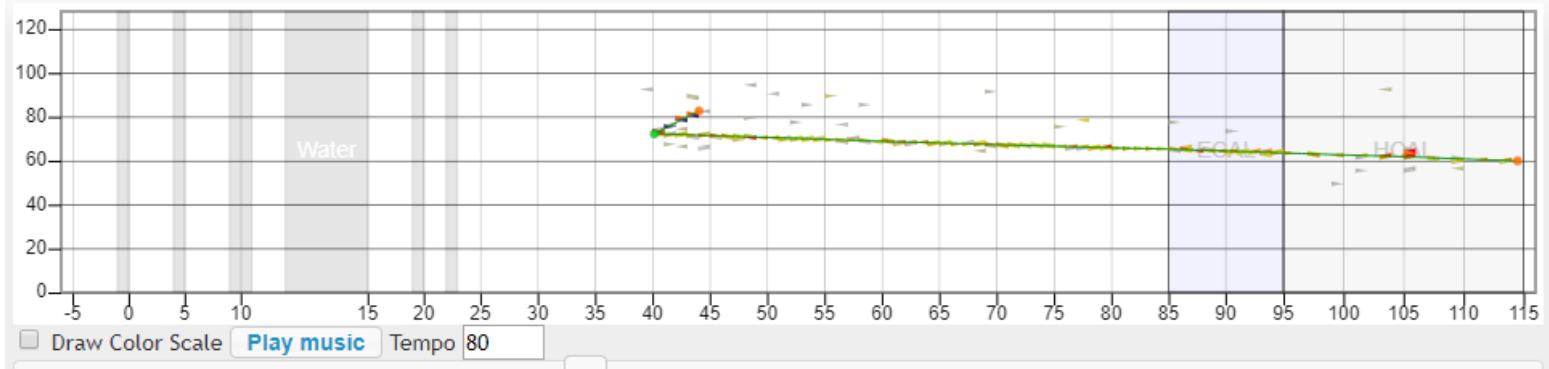
QuarkNet

# Signal vs. Background

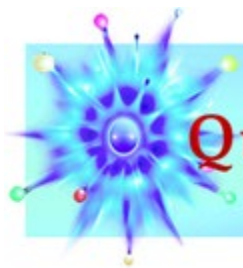
Big Hitmap



Big Hitmap



One of these is signal, one is background. Which is which? Why?

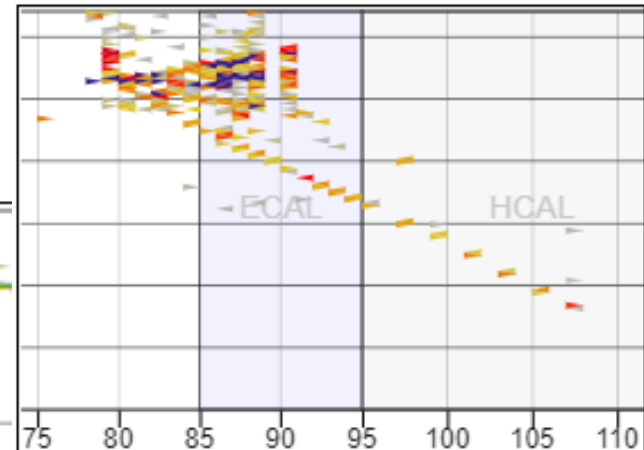
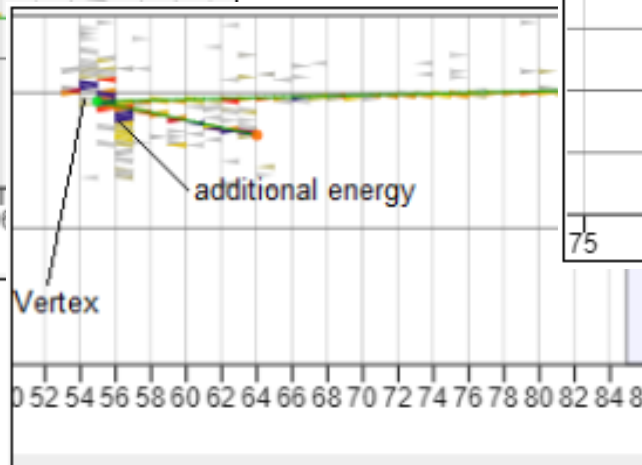
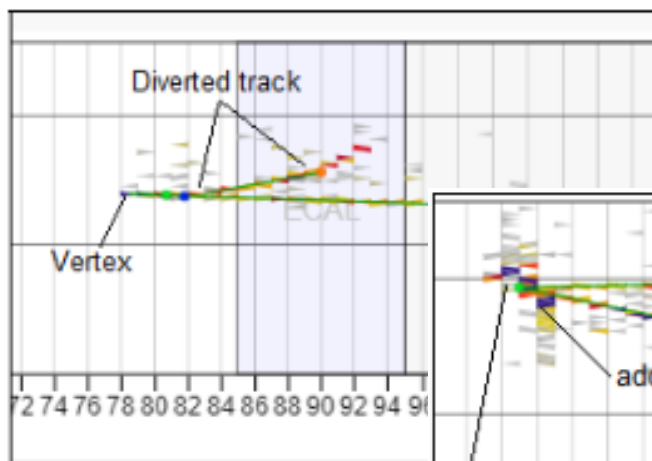


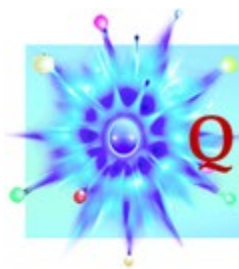
QuarkNet

## Signal vs. Background

Background events:

- Do not fit signal paradigm of one short proton track, one long muon track, or
- Confound the ability of MINERvA to measure momentum accurately.





# QuarkNet

## Measure signal in Arachne

# Arachne

Status: Done!

Data

mergedTuple\_79.root

Entry: 5

Go!

Current slice: Slice 5

Prev Gate p Next Gate n

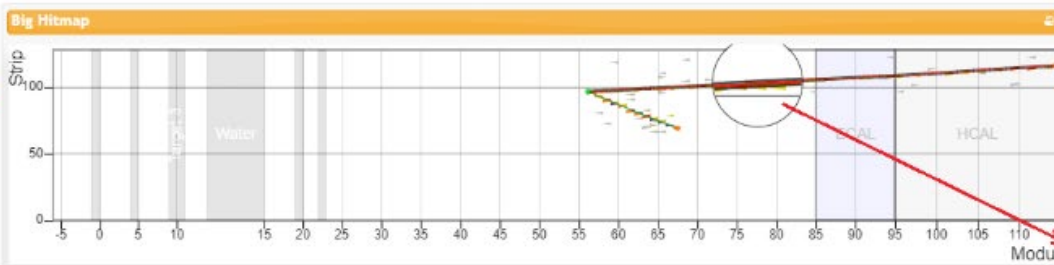
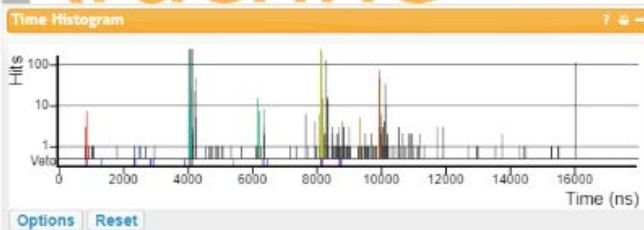
Prev Slice - Next Slice +

All hits a

Link to this event  
Go to the muon decay library

Tracks

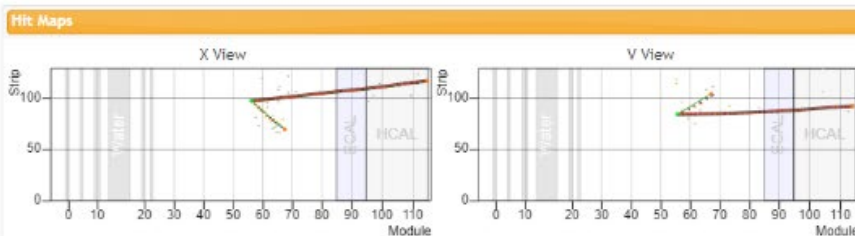
- ☒ Show tracks
- Individual Tracks:
  - ☒ Track 0
  - ☒ Track 1
  - ☒ Track 2
  - ☒ Track 3

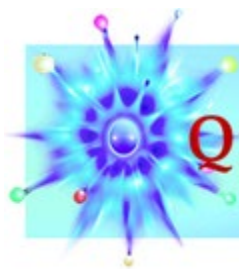


Track Information

Track 0 (Slice 5)	
Hits	155
Vis Energy	311.6 MeV
Time	4070 ns
Minos:	Prange= 2730.0 MeV/c
	Pcurve= -2857.1 MeV/c
	p= 3948.2 MeV/c
	KE= 3844.6 MeV
	v= 0.99965 c
If muon:	p <sub>x</sub> = 458.0 MeV/c
	p <sub>y</sub> = 344.4 MeV/c
	p <sub>z</sub> = 3906.4 MeV/c
	p= 2105.1 MeV/c
	KE= 1366.7 MeV
If proton:	v= 0.91343 c
	p <sub>x</sub> = 244.2 MeV/c
	p <sub>y</sub> = 183.6 MeV/c
	p <sub>z</sub> = 2082.8 MeV/c

MeV SI





QuarkNet

# Transfer to spreadsheet

3	merged		Background	Zoo	Muon					Proton						Net
4	Tuple	Entry	(enter a 1)	(enter a 1)	KE (MeV)	v/c	px (MeV/c)	py (MeV/c)	pz (MeV/c)	KE (MeV)	v/c	px (MeV/c)	py (MeV/c)	pz (MeV/c)	px (MeV/c)	
154	78	38			2,468.00	0.99917	127.87	-451.51	2,527.66	250.63	0.61	282.26	73.04	669.32		
155	78	39			4,180.98	0.9997	-290.25	322.75	4,262.65	4,180.98	1	-290.25	322.75	4,262.65		
156	78	40			2,783.10	0.99934	-181.33	-468.2	2,842.18	299.54	0.65	40.96	609.33	527.92		
157	78	41														
158	78	42			3,467.68	0.99957	311.9	-624.25	3,502.30	1,219.51	0.9	169.69	-339.63	1,905.48		
159	78	43			6,862.50	0.99989	579.99	-95.45	6,941.86	330.54	0.67	-61.04	308.27	794.1		
160	78	44			70.27	0.80069	56.54	-31.5	124.52	158.34	0.52	228.67	-127.41	503.58		
161	78	45			4,687.34	0.99976	-602.76	-335.44	4,741.27	158.34	0.52	228.67	-127.41	503.58		
162	78	46			2,879.91	0.99938	-369.07	-127.86	2,957.39	1,286.94	0.91	-249.61	-86.47	2,000.18		
163	78	47			3,890.06	0.99965	-295.93	433.85	3,959.00	1,397.32	0.92	-158.47	232.33	2,120.09		
164	78	48			5,784.31	0.99984	370.25	-586.18	5,847.42	169.58	0.53	-246.29	271.65	460.9		
165	78	49			3,074.27	0.99945	-228.59	-303.83	3,154.71	1,432.36	0.92	-156.6	-208.15	2,161.23		
166	78	50			5,756.19	0.99984	326.56	-411.38	5,836.67	5,784.31	1	370.25	-586.18	5,847.42		
167																
168																
169																
170																
171	79	0														
172	79	1			125.64	0.89036	111.97	-12.75	171.66	260.46	0.62	406.75	-46.31	623.59		
173	79	2														
174	79	3			2,745.79	0.99932	-396.07	-157.98	2,816.76	1,493.81	0.92	-311.93	-124.42	2,218.35		
175	79	4			235.04	0.60049	337.93	-438.13	435.93	235.04	0.6	337.93	-438.13	435.93		
176	79	5			3,844.64	0.999646564	457.9591639	344.430018	3,906.44							
177	79	6														
178	79	7														
179	79	8														
180	79	9														
181	79	10														
182	79	11														
183	79	12														
184	79	13														

Copy of mergedTuples51to100

videocon plots



mergedTuples1to25

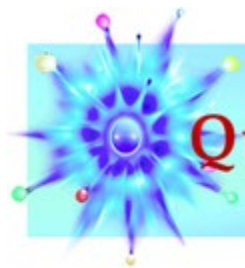
mergedTuples26to50

Copy of mergedTuples51to100

videocon plots

Su



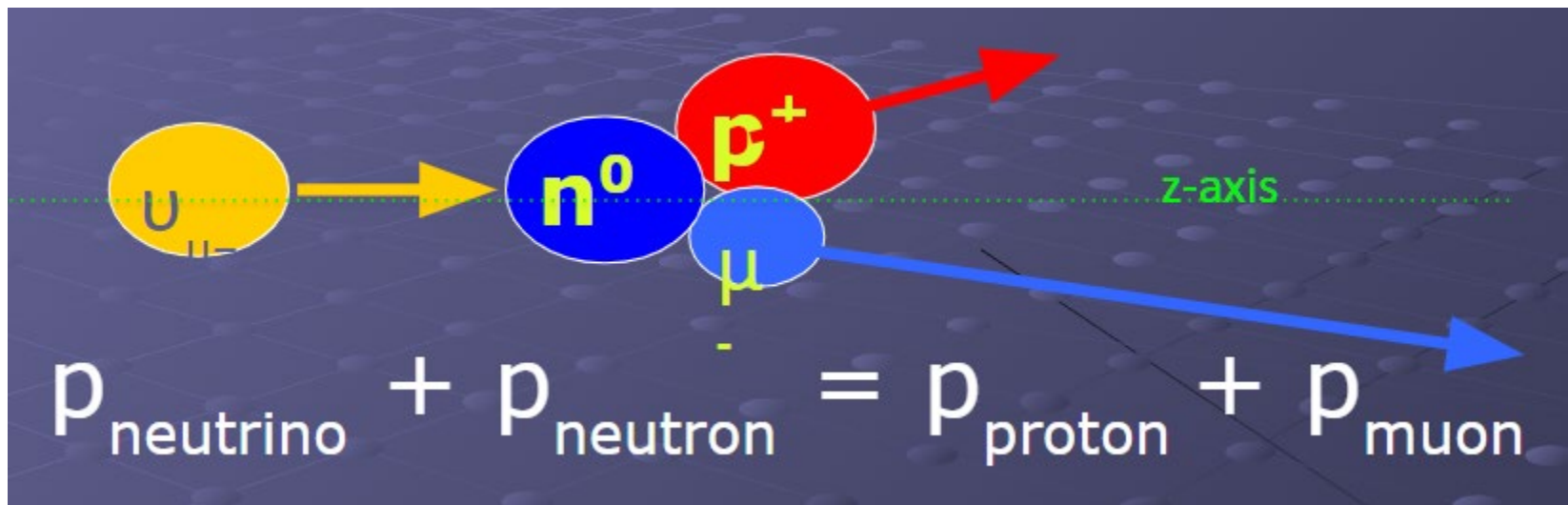


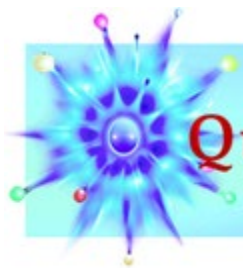
QuarkNet

## What do we know?

Conservation of momentum:

- Initial momentum  $p_v$  all in  $z$  (beam) direction
- Final momentum  $p_z = p_{zp} + p_{z\mu}$ ,  $p_x = p_{xp} + p_{x\mu}$ , and  $p_y = p_{yp} + p_{y\mu}$
- If we measure final  $p_x$ ,  $p_y$ , and  $p_z$  what do we get? Why? What does it imply?
- *That is what we are investigating!*





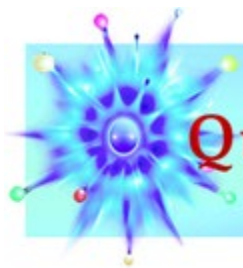
QuarkNet

Keep in Mind . . .

“Science is nothing but developed perception, interpreted intent, common sense rounded out and minutely articulated.” *George Santayana*

➤ Indirect observations and imaginative, critical, logical thinking can lead to reliable and valid inferences.

➤ Therefore: work together, think (sometimes outside the box), and be critical of each other's results to figure out what is happening.



QuarkNet

## Let's Analyze Events!

Make teams of two.

Practice.

Talk with physicists.

Find good  $\nu^0 \rightarrow p^+ + \mu^-$  candidates.

Which events go to the spreadsheet?

Let's plot final  $p_x$ ,  $p_y$ , and  $p_z$ .

Let's see what they mean!

Report! Rapport! Rejoice! Relax!