Cosmic Ray Muon Detector (CRMD) Vocabulary Fun

Hint: Some definitions may be found within the Cosmic Ray eLab. Consider the Library Glossary, Upload Geometry, and Data tabs. If you need a detector number under the Data tab, use DAQ ID 6200.

- 1. Distinguish between cosmic rays and muons. Bonus: Where do cosmic rays come from?
- 2. What is muon flux?
- 3. What measurements of muons change due to relativity?
- 4. Distinguish between the concepts of Lifetime and Half life
- 5. What is double coincidence (bonus: Triple coincidence). Why is it important?
- 6. What causes a trigger? What is the trigger rate?
- 7. Define angle of acceptance.
- 8. What is the importance of the geometry of the detector? What comprises the geometry of a detector? How does a stack of counters differ from an array of counters?
- 9. Represent nanosecond in words, decimal, and scientific notation. What system of units do we usually use in QuarkNet?
- 10. What is meant by muon speed? How does time of flight help us find the speed? Any other uses of time of flight?
- 11. Define gate width? How does it work?
- 12. What is meant by blessing data? What do the blessing charts tell us? What criteria so we use to distinguish between a change or declaring something constant?
- 13. What is a cosmic ray shower?
- 14. Define: histogram, bin width, arithmetic mean, and median.
- 15. How does the di-muon problem effect event counts?