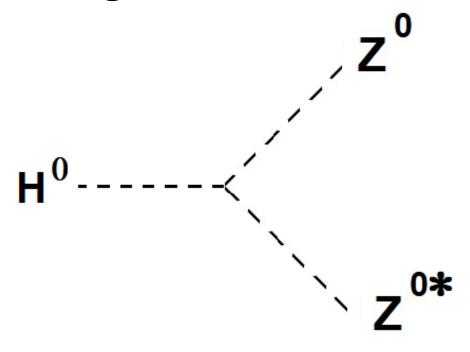


Particle Transformations

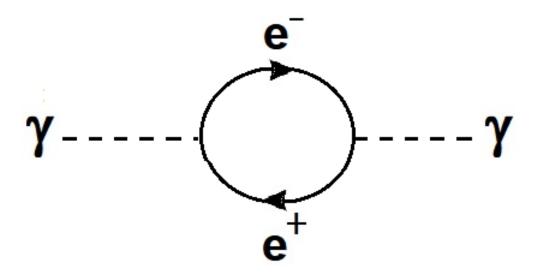
Zoo

of interesting and challenging interactions (some decays, some not)



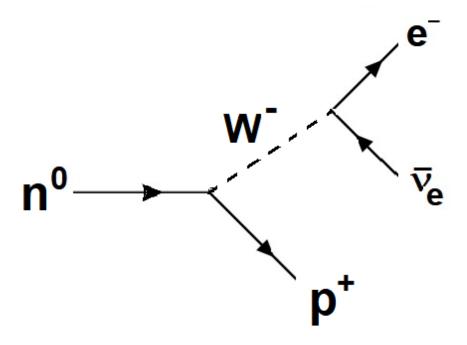
A Higgs boson transforms into a Z boson and a "virtual" or "off-shell" Z boson (hence the *) which is rare and has a smaller mass than usual for a very short time. Both Z bosons decay promptly.

Before decay	After decay



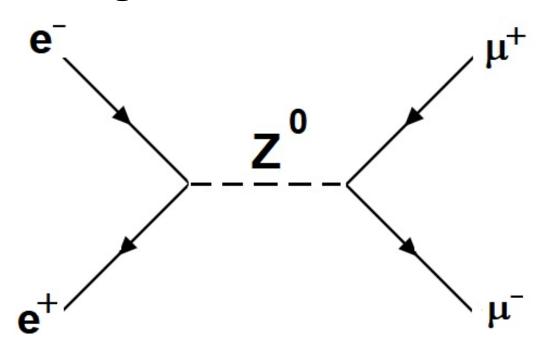
A photon transforms very briefly into an electron-positron pair which promptly comes back together as a photon.

Before decay	After decay



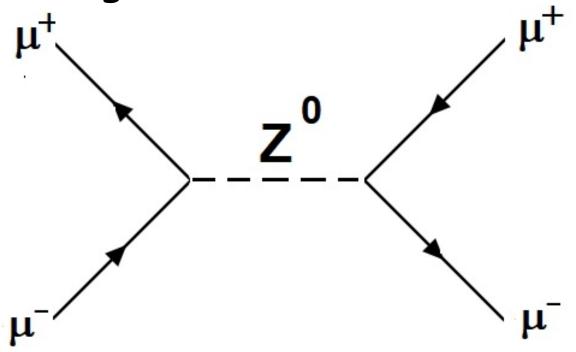
Beta decay. Look it up.

Before decay	After decay



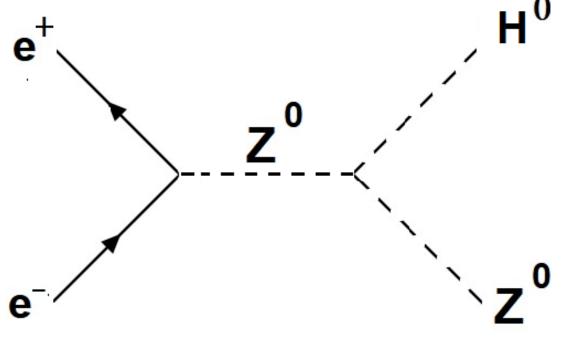
In the
International Linear
Collider, during its
test run, an electron
and a positron collide
to form a Z boson,
which decays into an
antimuon and a muon.

Before decay	After decay



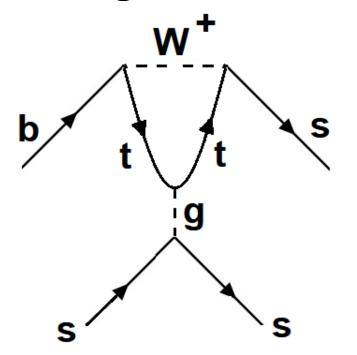
Weak neutral current.

Before decay	After decay



The expected main mechanism for making a Higgs boson in the International Linear Collider is creation of an energized Z boson which promptly radiates a Higgs. Think about what would be observed in this case.

Before decay	After decay



Super-challenge: the Penguin diagram. In short, a strange quark has a strong interaction with a bottom quark changing into a strange quark via the weak interaction through a mediating top quark. Learn more at

https://www.symmetrymagazine.org/article/june-2013/the-march-of-the-penguin-diagrams.

Before decay	After decay